### **Traditional Music Slow Jam**

Spring 2024



# **Knowledge & Skills:**

This class will NOT teach you how to play a specific musical instrument BUT you will learn:

- To listen to yourself and others at the same time
- Improve ability to play by listening and watching others and to apply it to your own instrument
- Jam session etiquette
- Technology tools available to improve playing
- New tunes
- Historical information regarding tunes
- Techniques to learn new tunes
- To play in different keys and use related chords
- Tune types (Reels; Hornpipes; Jigs; Polkas; Marches; Airs & Waltzes)
- Basic site reading skills
- "Practice" techniques
- Internet tune sources

#### What Is Traditional Music?

- To my knowledge, there is no known authoritative, accepted definition of traditional music.
- For our purpose this will include traditional Irish, Scottish, English, Welsh, and North American Oldtime (Appalachian, Canadian, etc.) tunes. This is generally accepted by many who play this type of music.
- The music and style has developed over the course of several centuries, but does not need to be centuries old (i.e. Ashokan Farewell, 1982).
- The music is essentially oral and aural in nature, and is transmitted from one person or generation to the next through playing and listening.
- There can be many variations and titles of the same tune due to being passed along aurally.

### What is a Slow Jam Session?

- Tunes are usually played more slowly than they are commonly played in "regular" sessions at about half speed or so before increasing the tempo more towards full speed
- Tunes are played at a pace comfortable for the majority of participants
- Opportunity to get together to learn new tunes and improve on their ability to play music with others
- Recording tunes is usually accepted at slow sessions to assist with learning the melodies
- Opportunity to learn tunes in a friendly, supportive environment; have fun and laugh at your mistakes

- Jam sessions can be conducted differently depending on the group of people, location and who leads a session. If you are new to a jam session, spend some time listening and learning what is acceptable to the group
- We will always try to play in a circle so that we can better hear each other
- We'll usually takes turns selecting tunes and give everyone a chance
- The person selecting a tune may lead the tune, but this is not a requirement
- Usually, one person will begin the tune and others begin playing when ready

# Jam Session Observations, Thoughts and Etiquette:

- It's not a music lesson; it's not a performance; it's for personal enjoyment.
- It is an opportunity to play and share music with others.
- It's meant to be a supportive environment for ALL levels of players. Please be respectful.
- Please leave sensitive topics (e.g. politics, religion, etc.) at the door. This is time to focus on music.
- Always tune your instrument as best you can before beginning to play.
- Play as much as you can; stretch yourself but don't stress if you can't play every tune.
- Don't be afraid to fail or to experiment.
- Listen to each other ... Learn from each other.
- As you play, listen to the group AND listen to yourself (this is not as easy as it sounds).
- Play your instrument so that all the melody instruments at the session can be heard clearly by everyone. Be sensitive to the volume of your instrument.
- ALL players, no matter what instrument, can benefit from memorizing melodies.
- Try to develop "playing by ear" ... minimize dependency on sheet music.
- Unlike playing in an orchestra, written music is only a guide for playing the tune. This can apply to melody, chords and timing.
- The only way to learn to play your instrument better is by playing your instrument.
- Don't worry about "practicing"..... just play! The more you play the more you can play.
- Avoid playing at a speed above your skill level. It's better to play a tune slowly and well than fast and poorly.